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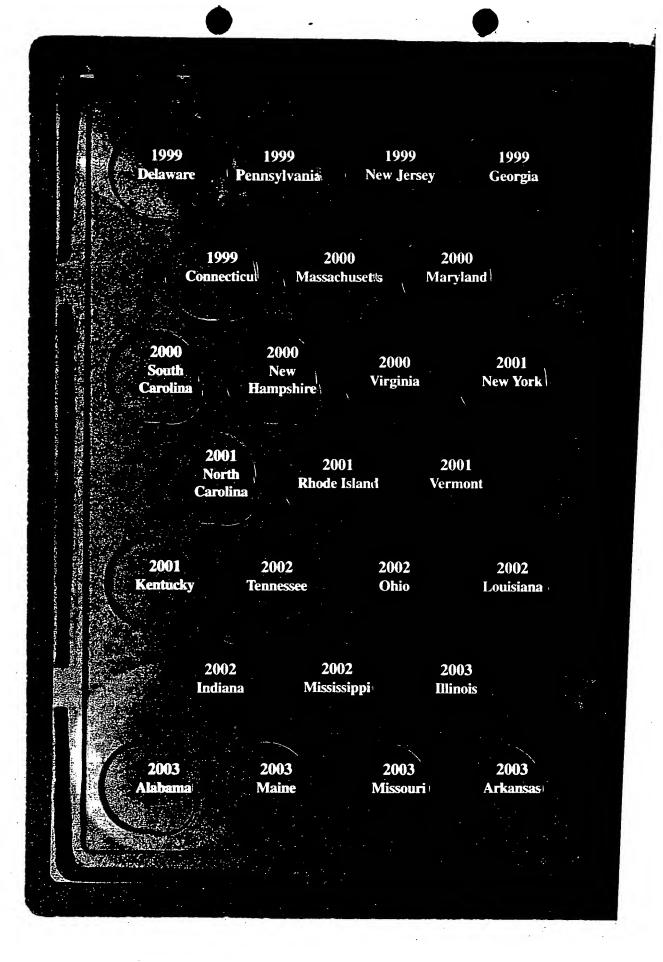
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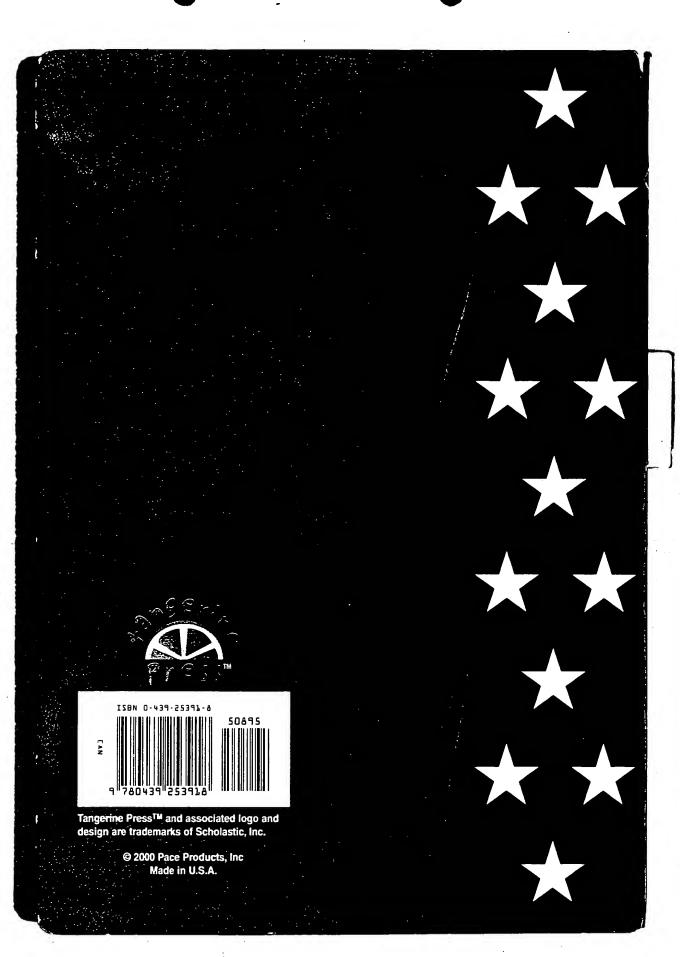
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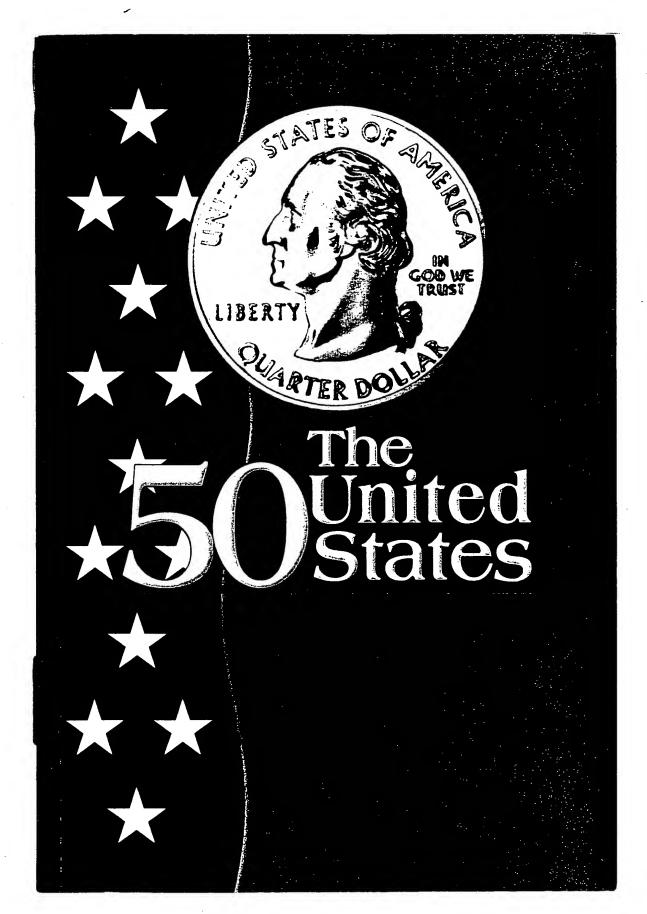
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Written by Karen Price and Raymond Miller Designed by Dan Jankowski

### References

Ambrose, Stephen. *Undaunted Courage*. New York:
Simon & Schuster, 1996.

U.S. Census Bureau, 1990 census results released 1996.

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Printed in Canada
ISBN 0-439-25391-8
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# Celebrating the 50 States

If you open an American history book, you can inthous about everything Homethe Revolutionary Warpo the Agolko moon missions, Thin Arough a Drink States, geography book and you it see amazing pictures of the United Capson and the States of Liberty Now, there sanother way to explore the rich assorptionalmon, and a geography of the United States lust pick the a quarter and took artise sale side.

On December 1, 1997. President Clinton signed the 50 State Quarters of Program Act." This act allows the Department of the Treasure to issue a series of new quarters honoring the 50 states. From 1999 to 2008, five state quarters will be assued such year in the order the states became part of the United States of America.

Starting with Delaware and ending with Hawaii each special edition quarter with feature a design unique to its state. You never know what design will be on your quarters. You might find George Washington crossing the Delaware River of Connecticut's majestic Charter Oak tree. The 50 State Charter Program will definitely have you taking a closer look at your thanks.

## Starting a 50 State Quarters Collection

These quarters make an impressive addition to any coin collection. Por pecule who don't already have acoin collection, these quarters are the perfect stanting point?

You can keep your quarters in a rainer of collector scour folders. To add a quarter of your collection, put the quarter in the circular slot and press. The quarter will stay in place.

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## Changing History

Although the 50 State Otioners Phogram will change the Apparations; of the quarter,

asa't the first have the coin has recorded a new look. Fro the late 18th century thing early Maximum the charter required the same two symbols. Therroom

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1976: a colonial dimension telephone The eagle.
From 1977 to 1999, the quarter of designaring mode,
the same



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## Another Change

With the 50 State Orienters Program, the quarter will go thin use the biggest design changes in history. The eagle emblem on the back of the quarter will be replaced with designs representing each state. To make as much norm as possible, the words. United States of America, and Quarter Dollar, are being moved from the back of the coin to the front. Look arther linear and below to compare the old and new designs.



Old Ousrier Front



Old Ouzeter Back



New Oparter Front,



New Courtet Back

Design Your State's Quarter!

The best part about the 50 state Quanters Program is that and one can submit a design for approval. That means you can try designing the back of your states quarter "Vise the guide on the opposite page to draw your own design. If you don't want to thin the page by cutting it, make the guide on blank paper.

\*Some of the state quarters designs have already been selected. To find out if your state's quarter has been designed, contact your governor's office or log on to the United States Mint website at wire asmint gov/50 states. You can find out much more about the 50 State Quarters Program there.



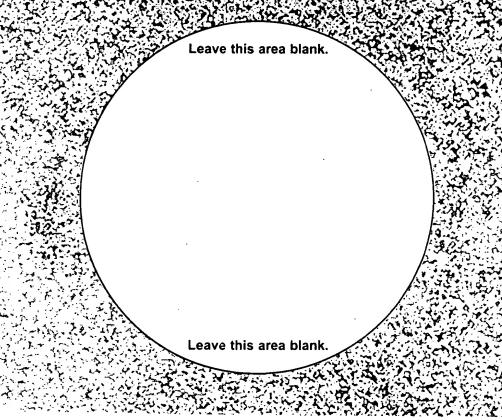
### Before you begin your design, read these important guidelines.

- Designs may include state landmarks (natural and man-made), landscapes, historic buildings, symbols of state resources or industries, official flowers and trees, state images (such as a cactus for Arizona or a bronco for Wyoming), and state outlines.
- Your design should appeal to all citizens of the state.
   Do not include subjects or symbols that may offend anyone.
- Do not use state flags, state seals, and words or phrases in your design.
- Do not include a head-and-shoulders portrait of any person, living or dead, or any portrait of a living person in your design.

You must subpair your design itea to your state governor's office.

The governor will select at least three and microfic than five designs.

The governor will then send the designs nother imited States who. There,
the approved design concepts will be drawn by artists and returned to the
governor, who will chance one of these designs.





In 1682, French explorer LaSalle sailed to the mouth of the Mississippi River, then claimed for France all the land drained by the Mississippi, including present-day Alabama. In 1702, two French-Canadian brothers founded Fort Louis along the Mobile River. Flooding in 1711 forced them to move the settlement south to present-day Mobile. Fort Louis was renamed Fort Conde in 1720 and was made the capital of French Louisiana.

France gave almost all its U.S. land to Great Britain in 1763. In 1783, Great Britain turned most of Alabama over to Spain. In 1795, the United States and Spain signed the Treaty of San Lorenzo, which gave the area, including present-day Alabama, to the United States. It was then called the Mississippi Territory. In 1817, the area became known as the Alabama Territory. It became the 22nd state in 1819.





The United States bought Alaska from Russia in 1867. At first, many Americans thought the purchase was foolish. But Alaska had many natural resources that proved valuable, such as timber, fish, minerals, and oil. In 1880 and again in 1896, gold was discovered in Alaska. This discovery brought thousands of people to the state.

In 1942, the Japanese occupied two Alaskan islands during World War II. That same year the United States government built a military supply road to Alaska, called the Alaska Highway. This highway allowed people to move more freely from the lower 48 states to Alaska. After the war, many Americans agreed that Alaska should be given statehood. This was finally accomplished in 1959.



Statehood Year: 1819 The 22nd state Coin Issue Year: 2003





Statehood Year: 1959 The 49th state Coin Issue Year: 2008







In the 1600s, missionaries from the Roman Catholic church set up missions in the region of Arizona. Spaniards founded Arizona's first European settlement at Tubac in 1752. When the Mexican-American War ended in 1848, the United States gained possession of Arizona. In the late 1800s, many people came to Arizona to mine its gold, silver, and copper deposits, settling boom towns such as Tombstone.

In 1890, many in the state voiced their desire for statehood. But the United States government's disagreement with some articles in the state's constitution held things up, and Arizona did not become a state until 1912.



In 1686, French explorer Henri de Tonti established Arkansas Post. the first European settlement in the Arkansas region. Arkansas was part of the U.S. purchase of Louisiana from France in 1803. In 1812, Arkansas was included in the Missouri Territory. To protect settlers against Indians, the U.S. government built Fort Smith in 1817. In 1819, the U.S. government changed the area's name to the Arkansaw Territory.

When Arkansas became a state in 1836, the issue of slavery was being debated in the South. In 1861, after the start of the Civil War, Arkansas seceded (withdrew) from the Union to support the Confederacy (the states that wanted to keep slavery). In 1868, Arkansas was readmitted into the Union.



Statehood Year: 1912 The 48th state Coin Issue Year: 2008



Statehood Year: 1836 The 25th state Coin Issue Year: 2003



### California

The Golden State





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In 1769, the Spanish governor of Baja California and a Franciscan missionary established a mission and a fort, or presidio, at present-day San Diego. Between 1769 and 1823, the Franciscans built 20 more missions, where the natives were taught Christianity.

California became a province of Mexico in 1822, right after Mexico won independence from Spain. In 1841, settlers from the East formed wagon trains and crossed the country to settle in California. These settlers wanted California to become part of the United States, but Mexico did not want to sell its territory. After a two-year war, Mexico surrendered to California in 1848. California became a state in 1850, just two years after gold was discovered there and thousands of people flocked to the state to make their fortunes.



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Spain gave the Colorado region to Mexico in 1821. In 1833, the first permanent American settlement, Bent's Fort, was established there. After the Mexican-American War ended in 1848, the United States took over the western region of present-day Colorado.

Gold was discovered in Colorado in 1858, and nearly 100,000 people rushed to the region. Those who stayed called the area the Jefferson Territory. The U.S. Congress refused to recognize this territory, and in 1861 set up the Colorado Territory, which had the same boundaries as the present-day state. During Colorado's early days, troops battled Cheyenne, Arapaho, and Ute Indians. In 1870, the railroad joined Colorado to the East, and more people came to the territory. In 1876, Colorado achieved statehood.



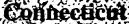
Statehood Year: 1850 The 31st state Coin Issue Year: 2005





Statehood Year: 1876 The 38th state Coin Issue Year: 2006





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Connecticut was settled by English colonists from Massachusetts in 1633. In 1636, the settlements of Windsor, Hartford, and Wethersfield came together to form the Connecticut Colony. The king of England gave the Connecticut Colony a charter (similar to a contract) in 1662 granting them a strip of land bordered by a Connecticut bay on one side and the Pacific Ocean on the other. Neither the king nor the colonists realized that the Pacific Ocean was thousands of miles away!

In 1665, the Connecticut Colony became larger when it joined the New Haven Colony. The colony supported independence from Great Britain and sent hundreds of men to fight in the Revolutionary War. Connecticut became one of the original 13 United States in 1788.







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Delaware was first settled in 1631 by the Dutch, who called the region Zwaanendael. But by 1632, all the settlers had been killed by Indians. In 1638, Peter Minuit, who was responsible for purchasing the island of Manhattan from the Indians, was hired by Sweden to lead a group of Swedish settlers to the region. They called the colony New Sweden.

In 1664, the British took over. They gave the land to William Penn to add to his colony of Pennsylvania. But by 1701, the area became a separate region called the Three Lower Colonies. It was not called Delaware until 1776, after Lord De La Warr, the first governor of the Virginia colony. Delaware was the first state to approve the United States Constitution, and became a state in 1787.



Statehood Year: 1788 The 5th state Coin Issue Year: 1999





Statehood Year: 1787 The 1st state Coin Issue Year: 1999





### Florida

The Sunshing State



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In 1513. Spanish explorer Juan Ponce de León arrived in **Florida**. He thought Florida was an island and claimed it for Spain. The king of Spain ordered him to colonize the land. When he tried to do so in 1521, he and his men were attacked by Indians, and Ponce de León was wounded by an arrow. With other survivors, he sailed to Cuba, where he died.

The French came to settle in 1564, but were driven out by the Spaniards in 1565. That same year the Spaniards settled St. Augustine, the first permanent European settlement in the United States. For most of the next 200 years, Spain ruled the Florida region. In 1819, Spain gave Florida to the United States. Florida was admitted to the Union in 1845.

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In the 1500s, the Spaniards claimed the southeastern United States, including Florida and Georgia. But in 1564, the French set up a colony in Florida. Spain fought and defeated France for control of the land. Then, ignoring the claims of Spain, the British settled near Savannah in 1733. They fought Spain over the Florida-Georgia boundary in 1739. The British lost that battle, but fought the Spaniards again in 1742 and won control of Georgia.

In 1754, Georgia became a royal province, governed by England's King George. When the American Revolution broke out, most Georgians fought for independence. After the war, Georgia approved the United States Constitution and in 1788 became the fourth state admitted to the Union.



Statehood Year: 1845 The 27th state Coin Issue Year: 2004



\*

Statehood Year: 1788 The 4th state Coin Issue Year: 1999





## Hawaii



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Rapa .

The Hawaiian Islands were unknown to most of the world until British Captain James Cook stopped there in 1778. He named the islands the Sandwich Islands. For many years, Hawaii was a monarchy (governed by a king or queen). But in 1893, a revolution removed the queen from office. In 1900, Hawaii was made a United States territory. Soon after, the U.S. Navy built a base in Pearl Harbor. That base was involved in a major event in United States history. On December 7, 1941, 33 Japanese ships and about 360 airplanes attacked Pearl Harbor. About 3,700 people lost their lives. This event pulled the United States into World War II. During the war many Hawaiian citizens proved their loyalty to the United States, and in 1959 Hawaii became a state.

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Explorers Lewis and Clark traveled through Idaho in 1805. Their expedition enabled the U.S. government to claim the Oregon region, which included the present-day states of Oregon, Washington, and Idaho. In 1809, a British fur trader moved into the area. He was soon followed by other traders. In 1860, a group of Mormons (a religious group) settled the first permanent town in Idaho, called Franklin. Soon gold was discovered in Orofino Creek, and people rushed to the region.

In 1863, the Idaho Territory was organized. Silver and lead mines were discovered in northern Idaho in the late 1800s. The mines and the development of the railroad brought more settlers. In 1890. Idaho became the 43rd state.



Statehood Year: 1959 The 50th state Coin Issue Year: 2008





Statehood Year: 1890 The 43rd state Coin Issue Year: 2007





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State Tree

State Bird

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French explorers Marquette and Jolliet are thought to be the first Europeans to travel through **Illinois**. Later, in 1699, French priests founded a mission in a fur-trading post. The first permanent European settlement, Cahokia, was established in 1699, and another settlement, Kaskaskia, was founded in 1703.

In 1717, Illinois became part of Louisiana, which was a French colony at the time. In 1763, after Great Britain's victory in the French and Indian War, the British owned the colony. After the Revolutionary War, Illinois became part of the Northwest Territory. In 1800, it became part of the Indiana Territory, and in 1809 it was called the Illinois Territory and was made up of present-day Illinois and Wisconsin. In 1818. Illinois became a state.







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Fur traders from France, then Great Britain, were the first Europeans to settle in **Indiana**. The French built Indiana's first settlement and fort, called Vincennes, in about 1732. After the French were defeated in 1763, the British took over the fur trade in Indiana and surrounding areas.

Indiana became part of the Northwest Territory after the Revolutionary War. In 1800, Congress established the Indiana Territory, which included the present-day states of Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, and parts of Michigan and Minnesota. At first, the territory had to contend with Indian forces, led by Tecumseh. But the Indians were defeated in 1811. In 1816, Indiana became the 19th state to join the Union.



Statehood Year: 1818 The 21st state Coin Issue Year: 2003





Statehood Year: 1816 The 19th state Coin Issue Year: 2002







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In 1808, the U.S. Army built Iowa's first fort, Fort Madison. Four years later, the U.S. government acknowledged the Iowa region as part of the Missouri Territory. Outside settlers couldn't move there because the government held the land for Indians. In 1831, the United States government wanted the Native Americans who lived in Illinois to move to Iowa. Chief Black Hawk refused to move. This led to the Black Hawk War of 1832. After the Native American tribes were defeated, they gave up a strip of land along the Mississippi River. Settlers quickly moved into this land, establishing the first permanent settlements in Iowa. In 1838, the United States government created the Territory of Iowa. In 1846, Iowa became a state,







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Kansas was part of the land France sold to the United States in the 1803 Louisiana Purchase. When the Santa Fe Trail opened in 1821, many travelers passed through Kansas on their way west. The Kansas town of Council Grove was a main stopping point in the trail. Fort Leavenworth was established in 1827 as the first U.S Army outpost in the area.

In 1825, the U.S. government gave the Indians land in Kansas in return for taking land from them in the East. About 30 Indian tribes settled in the region of Kansas. By 1850, more and more European settlers wanted to live there, so the government took back much of the Indians' land. The Indians fought back, but eventually most of them were moved to Oklahoma. In 1854, Congress established the Territory of Kansas, and in 1861, Kansas became a state.



Statehood Year: 1846 The 29th state Coin Issue Year: 2004





Statehood Year: 1861 The 34th state Coin Issue Year: 2005





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In 1774, a group from
Pennsylvania settled in Kentucky
and called their settlement
Harrodsburg. In 1775, Daniel
Boone guided more settlers into
Kentucky through the Cumberland
Gap, near the Cumberland River in
present-day Tennessee. The trail he
blazed is called the Wilderness
Road. Boone started a settlement in
Kentucky near present-day
Lexington and called the
settlement Boonesborough.

Kentucky became part of Virginia in 1776. Many people from Virginia moved to Kentucky. After a series of British-supported Indian attacks, the settlers cut off the supply of weapons the British gave to the Indians. The settlers gained control of the land and drew up a constitution. In 1792, Kentucky became a state.

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Louisiana was once a French colony, named for King Louis XIV of France. Its first settlement was Natchitoches, founded in 1714. In 1718, New Orleans was founded. New Orleans became the capital of Louisiana in 1722.

In 1803, France sold the territory to the United States for about \$15 million as part of the Louisiana Purchase, doubling what was then the United States. Louisiana included parts of Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota, Iowa, Missouri, New Mexico, Colorado, Oklahoma, Minnesota, Nebraska, Kansas, and Arkansas.

After the purchase, Congress divided the territory into smaller parts. What we now call Louisiana was known as the Territory of Orleans. In 1812, it was renamed Louisiana and became a state.



Statehood Year: 1792 The 15th state Coin Issue Year: 2001



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Statehood Year: 1812 The 18th state Coin Issue Year: 2002





The Fine Tree State



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State Flowers Vine Dide cond and passel State Bird Chickage

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Ferdinando Gorges from England came to present-day Maine and established the city of Gorgeana, now called York, in 1641. Other communities in the region settled by the English during that time included Kittery, Wells, Casco Bay, Kennebunk, and Scarborough. In the mid-1600s, Maine was made part of the Massachusetts Bay Colony.

During the Revolutionary War, patriots from Maine captured the British ship *Margaretta*. The British occupied the Maine community of Castine in 1779. After the war, soldiers from Maine who fought were rewarded with parcels of land.

Maine did not push for statehood until after the War of 1812. In 1819, the people of Maine voted for separation from the Massachusetts Bay Colony. One year later, Maine became the 23rd state.



Statehood Year: 1820 The 23rd state Coin Issue Year: 2003



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Rank in Size

The first colonial settlement in what is now called Maryland was a trading post settled by William Claiborne on Kent Island in 1631. A year later, King Charles I of England granted the area of Maryland to Cecilius Calvert, the second Lord Baltimore. Calvert sent colonists to Maryland in 1634. They settled in St. Mary's City. In 1649, Calvert drew up a law that enforced religious tolerance, and many people came to Maryland to worship freely. The colony adopted its first constitution in 1776.

Maryland refused to become a state until colonies claiming land in the west that was not part of their official boundaries gave up that land. Their demands were met in 1781, and Maryland became the seventh state in 1788.



Statehood Year: 1788 The 7th state Coin Issue Year: 2000



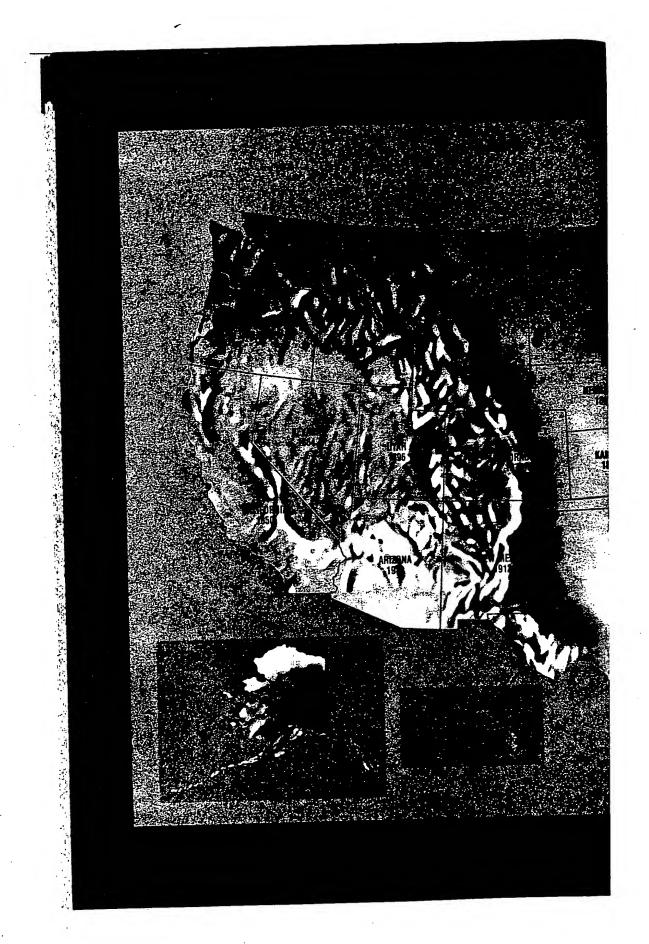
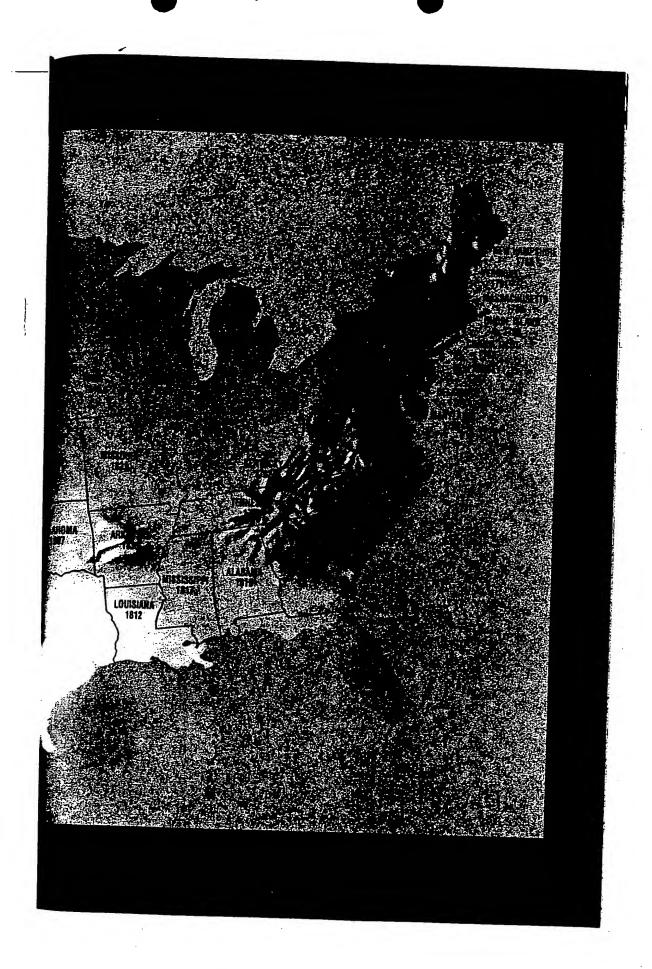
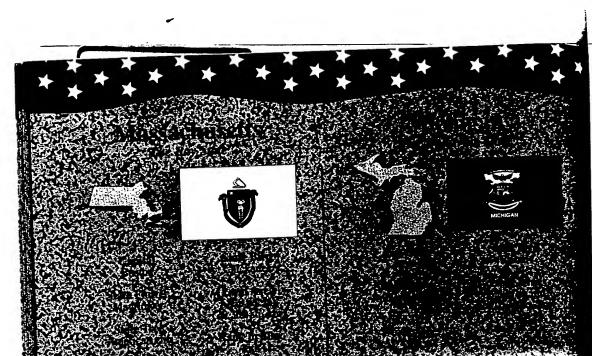


EXHIBIT B Page 21/39





In 1620, the first Pilgrims left the Church of England to worship more freely. Their ship, the *Mayflower*, reached America in December, setting ashore in present-day Massachusetts. The settlers called their new colony Plymouth, after the town they sailed from in England.

In 1630, a religious group called the Puritans left England to settle the Massachusetts Bay Colony. They founded Boston that same year. In 1691, the Plymouth Colony and the Massachusetts Bay Colony combined. After England imposed several new taxes on the colonies, they began to rebel. Lexington was the site of the first shots fired in the Revolutionary War, and much of the fighting that took place during the war was in Massachusetts. In 1788, Massachusetts became a state.

Michigan was first explored by the French, who came down from Canada. Father Rene Menard built a mission at Keweenaw Bay in 1660, and Father Jacques Marquette established the first permanent settlement in Michigan in 1668 at Sault Sainte Marie. In 1701, another French Canadian, Antoine de Lamothe Cadillac, founded Fort Pontchartrain, which became the city of Detroit.

After the French and Indian War, the French left the area and the British moved in. But in the following years, many British settlers were killed by Indians. In 1774, the British gave the land to Quebec. After the Revolutionary War, the United States gained control of Michigan. The region became part of the Northwest Territory and was admitted to statehood in 1837.

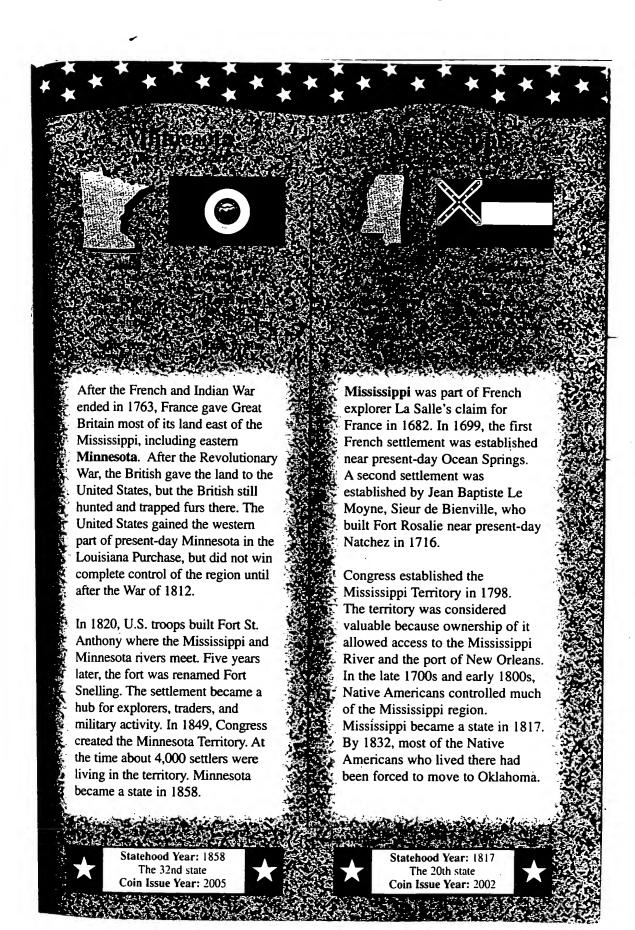


Statehood Year: 1788 The 6th state Coin Issue Year: 2000





Statehood Year: 1837 The 26th state Coin Issue Year: 2004





In 1735, settlers from Illinois set up Sainte Genevieve, Missouri's first permanent community founded by Europeans. In 1762, France secretly gave Spain the region west of the Mississippi River, including Missouri. St. Louis was founded by two Frenchmen, Pierre Laclede Liguest and Rene Auguste Chouteau, in 1764.

Napoleon Bonaparte, the ruler of France, forced Spain to turn the region back over to France in 1800. Three years later, France sold the Louisiana Territory, which included present-day Missouri, to the United States. Missouri became a state in 1821. At that time it was the westernmost border of the United States.

In 1805, President Thomas
Jefferson sent Meriwether Lewis
and William Clark to explore
Montana and other western
regions. In 1807, fur traders began
to come to Montana. Jesuit
missionaries came to the region in
the 1840s and established a mission
near present-day Stevensville. The
population of Montana grew when
gold was discovered in
Grasshopper Creek in 1862.

In 1876, Lieutenant Colonel
George Custer's regiment and the
Sioux and Cheyenne tribes fought a
famous battle near the Little
Bighorn River. The Indians
defeated Custer's troops, killing
Custer and more than 200 of his
men. When the Northern Pacific
Railroad came into Montana in
1883, more people came to the
territory. In 1889, Montana became
a state.



Statehood Year: 1821 The 24th state Coin Issue Year: 2003





Statehood Year: 1889 The 41st state Coin Issue Year: 2007







In the 1700s and 1800s, Indian tribes moved west to Nebraska after being driven from their homes by European settlers. For many years the United States kept Nebraska as Indian country and would not allow settlers to establish homes there. In 1819, the U.S. Army built Fort Atkinson, near present-day Omaha.

In 1854, Congress passed the Kansas-Nebraska Act, creating the territories of Kansas and Nebraska. By 1860, more than 28,000 people had settled in the Nebraska Territory. In 1862, Congress passed the Homestead Act. The Homestead Act gave free land to settlers in Nebraska and other western regions. As a result, thousands of people came to Nebraska. Many of the settlers became farmers. In 1867, Nebraska became a state.

Mexico gave the United States Nevada and other nearby lands in 1848. In 1849, Joseph Smith and the Mormons settled in Nevada, Utah, and parts of other present-day states. Their leader, Brigham Young, called the area the State of Deseret. But Congress refused to recognize that state, and in 1850 established the Utah Territory, which included most of Nevada. Brigham Young was made the governor of the territory.

After silver was discovered in 1859, thousands of people came from the East to Nevada. They settled in a town they called Virginia City. As a result of this population growth, President Buchanan made Nevada a territory in 1861. Soon after, in 1864, President Lincoln made Nevada a state.



Statehood Year: 1867 The 37th state Coin Issue Year: 2006





Statehood Year: 1864 The 36th state Coin Issue Year: 2006





New Hampshire was first settled in 1623, three years after the Pilgrims landed at Plymouth Rock in Massachusetts. The English settlers landed near present-day Rye. They called their settlement Odiorne's Point. A few years later, Edward Hilton and other settlers established Hilton's Point, which is now Dover. In 1641, the Massachusetts colony took over New Hampshire. And in 1680, New Hampshire became a separate royal colony.

Several battles of the French and Indian War took place on New Hampshire soil from 1689 to 1763. In December of 1774, a group of New Hampshire colonists stole supplies from a British fort in New Castle, which helped spark the Revolutionary War. In 1776, New Hampshire created its own constitution, making it the first colony to claim its independence from Britain. The colony became a state in 1788.

In 1660, Dutch settlers founded the permanent settlement of Bergen, which was a fortified town in present-day New Jersey. Bergen was New Jersey's first permanent colonial settlement and is now part of Jersey City.

In 1664, Great Britain won control of New Jersey. Before the Revolutionary War, the British began making laws that many colonists thought were unfair. One of the laws forced the colonists to pay a tax on British goods. Some residents of New Jersey protested the tax by holding a tea party similar to the more famous Boston Tea Party. They snuck on board British ships and burned boxes of tea. In 1776, New Jersey declared its independence from Britain. It became a state in 1787.

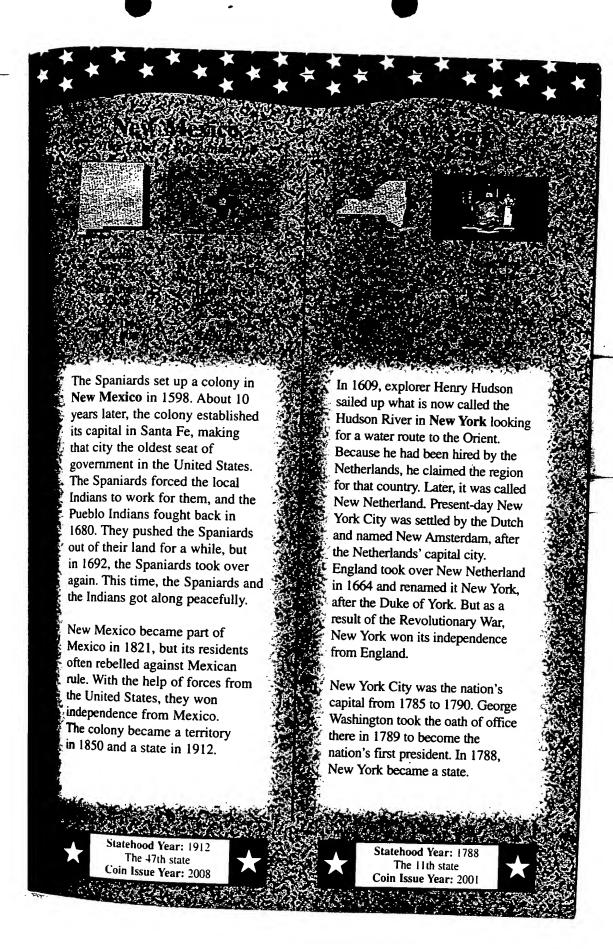


Statehood Year: 1788 The 9th state Coin Issue Year: 2000





Statehood Year: 1787 The 3rd state Coin Issue Year: 1999







In 1585, the English established a colony on Roanoke Island, just off present-day North Carolina. Their governor went back to England for supplies and returned in 1590 to find the colony deserted. No one knows what happened to the people who lived there.

Settlers from Virginia moved to North Carolina in 1650 and established a settlement near Albemarle Sound. The region that is now North and South Carolina was known as the Carolina colony. In 1705, a town called Bath was set up near the mouth of the Pamlico River. But settlement was difficult because the colonists had to fight Indians, and pirates sailed along the shores. In 1729, North Carolina became a royal colony, ruled by governors appointed by the king of Great Britain. North Carolina became one of the original 13 states in 1789.

Lewis and Clark passed through North Dakota during their expedition to the Pacific Ocean. They built Fort Mandan on the Missouri River near present-day Washburn and made their winter camp there, staying until April 1805. In the 1800s, western settlement of North Dakota was slowed by the Sioux, who fought against the takeover of their land.

The Dakota Territory was established in 1861, and the territory was opened to homesteaders. In 1881, Sitting Bull, a famous Sioux leader, surrendered to the United States, assuring peace in the region. This allowed many people from the East to settle in North Dakota. In 1889, Congress divided the territory into two parts, North Dakota and South Dakota. Later that year, North Dakota became a state.



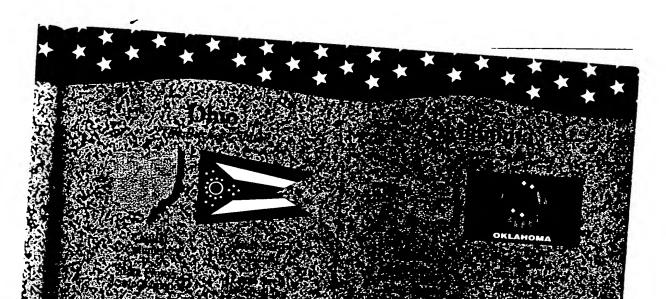
Statehood Year: 1789 The 12th state Coin Issue Year: 2001





Statehood Year: 1889 The 39th state Coin Issue Year: 2006





In 1747, businessmen from
Virginia and England formed the
Ohio Company of Virginia, with
plans to settle the Ohio region.
The company sent explorers to the
area but did not immediately
establish a settlement. Ohio
became part of the Northwest
Territory in 1787. In 1788, the
company established the first
permanent territorial settlement in
Ohio, called Marietta. That same
year Marietta became the first
capital of the Northwest Territory.

Several Indian tribes fought against the settlers who came to the territory. In 1795, peace was achieved through the Treaty of Greenville, signed by settlers and Indian leaders. The Indians gave two-thirds of the Ohio region to the United States. After this treaty was signed, many more settlers came to Ohio. In 1803, Ohio became a state.

For hundreds of years, Cheyenne, Comanche, Pawnee, Wichita, and other Native American tribes roamed the plains and hunted for buffalo on the sprawling grasslands in present-day Oklahoma. But in the 1800s, the United States government bought up their land and forced them onto reservations. Then the government began moving tribes from other parts of the country to Okahoma. But on April 22, 1889, central Oklahoma was opened for settlement to people other than Indians. About 50,000 people had moved in by evening.

In 1890, the United States created the Territory of Oklahoma. Maps of that time outline divisions in the territory between Indian Territory and Oklahoma Territory. In 1893, with encouragement from Congress, the Indian nations dissolved, and the tribes incorporated towns and became U.S. citizens. In 1907, Oklahoma became a state.



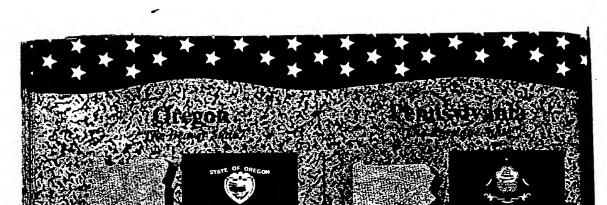
Statehood Year: 1803 The 17th state Coin Issue Year: 2002





Statehood Year: 1907 The 46th state Coin Issue Year: 2008





British and American explorers had sailed into the Columbia River, on the northern border of **Oregon**, in the late 1800s. But Lewis and Clark were the first to travel down the river from the east during their famous expedition.

Fur trading was important in the early development of Oregon. In 1811. John Jacob Astor formed the first European settlement, Astoria, at the mouth of the Columbia River. A British trading company took over Astoria in 1813. In the 1800s, many American and British fur trading companies opened in Oregon. John McLoughlin, the British director of the Hudson's Bay Company, ruled the region for about 20 years and helped many people settle there. He is known as the father of Oregon. In 1848, Oregon became a territory. The territory achieved statehood in 1859.

Pennsylvania was settled by Swedish and Dutch immigrants in the mid-1600s. In 1664, the English captured the region. They gave the land to William Penn in 1681 as payment for a debt owed to Penn's father. Penn came to Pennsylvania (which means "Penn's Woods") in 1682 with fellow Quakers and governed the land. His family governed Pennsylvania until the start of the Revolutionary War in 1775.

The city of Philadelphia was the nation's capital from 1790 to 1800. It was here that the Continental Congress adopted the Declaration of Independence in 1776 and the Constitutional Convention adopted the United States Constitution in 1787. In 1787, Pennsylvania was the second state admitted into the Union.



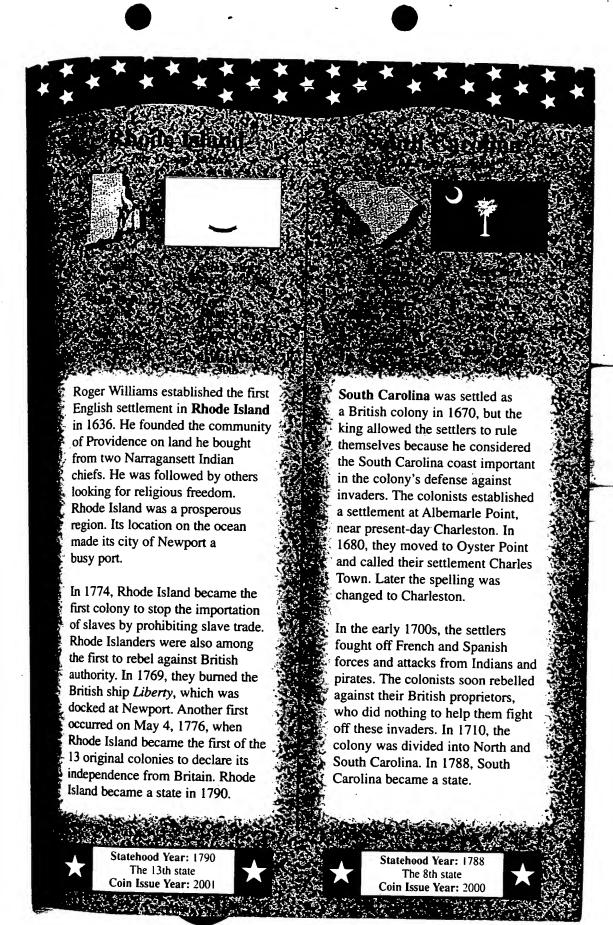
Statehood Year: 1859 The 33rd state Coin Issue Year: 2005

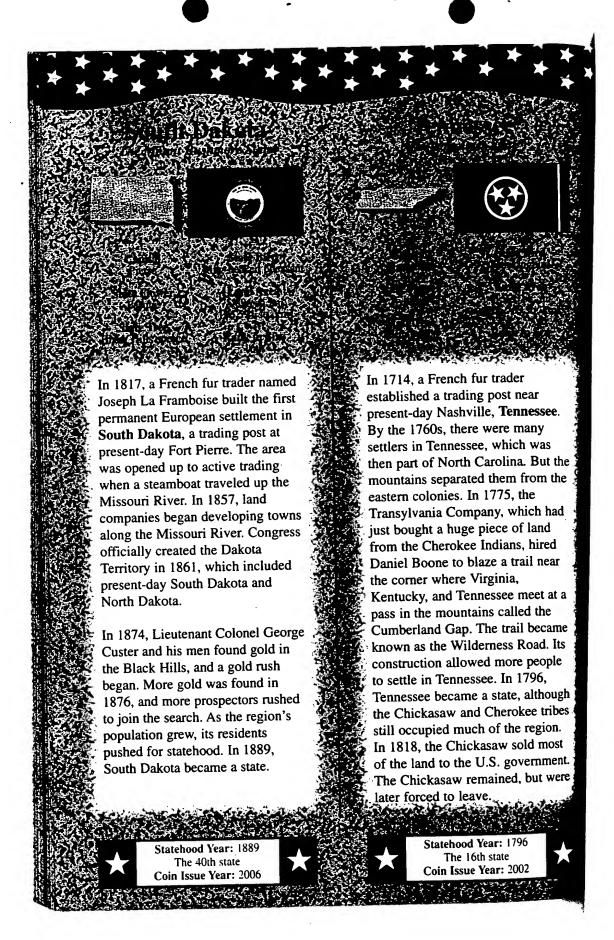


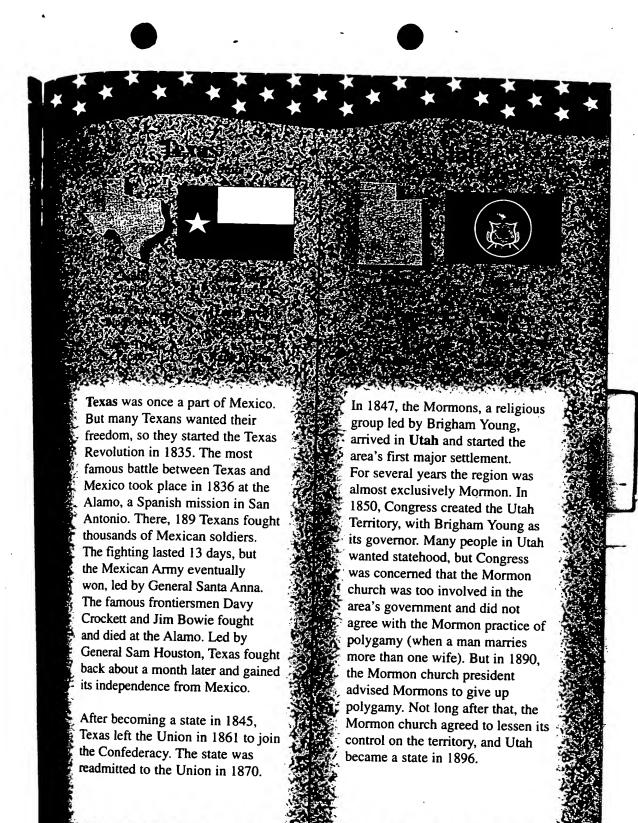


Statehood Year: 1787 The 2nd state Coin Issue Year: 1999









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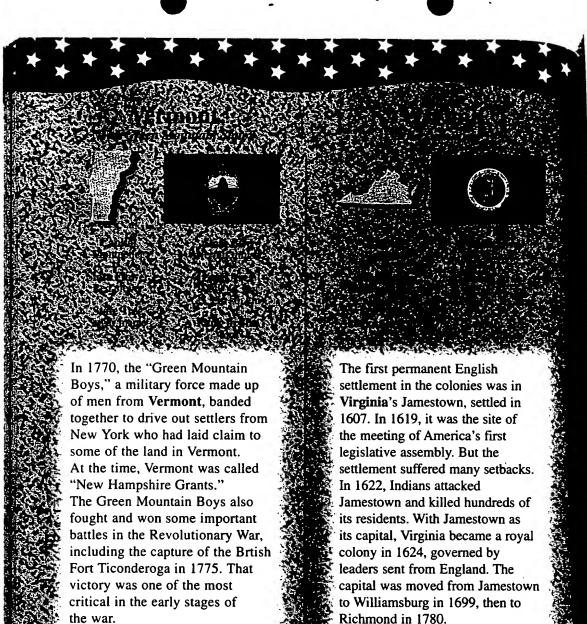
Statehood Year: 1845 The 28th state Coin Issue Year: 2004





Statehood Year: 1896 The 45th state Coin Issue Year: 2007





In 1777, Vermont declared that it was an independent republic, called New Connecticut. In July of that year, the republic adopted a constitution and changed its name to Vermont, from the French for 'green mountain." It remained an independent republic until 1791,

Richmond in 1780.

In 1788, Virginia became a state. One year later, George Washington, a Virginian, was elected as the first President of the United States. Three of the next four Presidents were also from Virginia.



Statehood Year: 1791 The 14th state Coin Issue Year: 2001

when it became a state.





Statehood Year: 1788 The 10th state Coin Issue Year: 2000





Washington was settled by British and American traders. In 1818, the two countries signed a treaty that allowed them to trade and settle in the region, which was called the Oregon Country at the time. But even after the treaty, the countries could not agree on the boundary. In 1846, the two countries came to an agreement, and President Polk signed another treaty with Great Britain. What is now the state of Washington went to America, while the British kept Vancouver Island.

The Oregon Territory was founded in 1848 and included Washington. Five years later, Washington became a separate territory with its capital at Olympia. In 1883, railroad lines were completed that linked Washington with the Eastern United States. Washington became a state in 1889.

West Virginia was once part of the Virginia Colony, granted to a group of English merchants and investors in 1606. Early on, the western part of the colony demanded its own government. Farmers in the west did not appreciate being ruled by aristocrats in eastern Virginia. In the mid-1800s, the region became even more divided over the slavery debate. Eastern Virginia had many large plantations with hundreds of slaves. The plantation owners controlled the government, and the westerners felt they were not fairly represented.

When the Civil War began in 1861, the western region declared its independence from Virginia and joined the side of the Union states. West Virginia became a state in 1863.



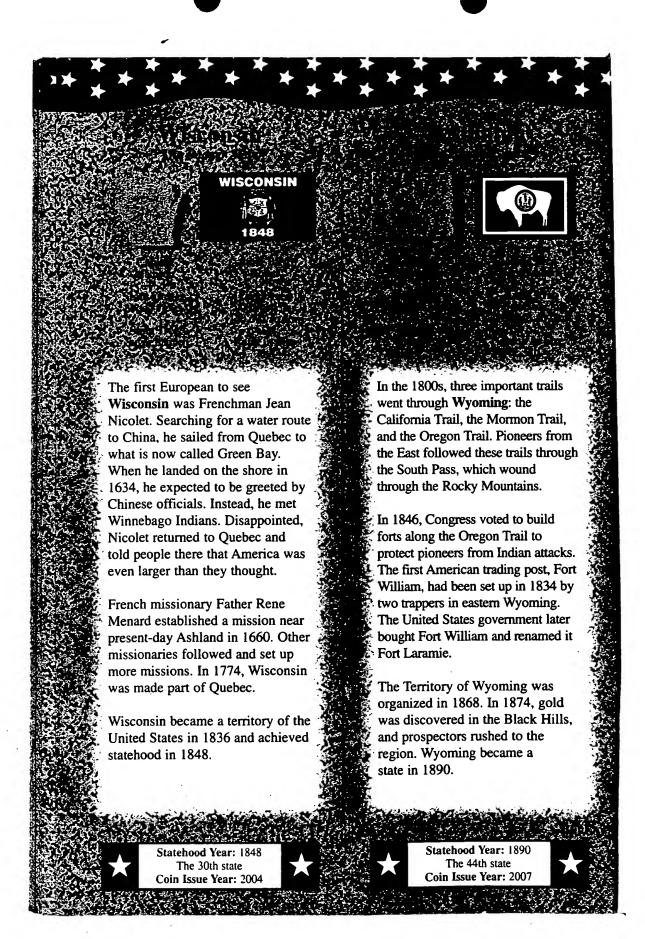
Statehood Year: 1889 The 42nd state Coin Issue Year: 2007

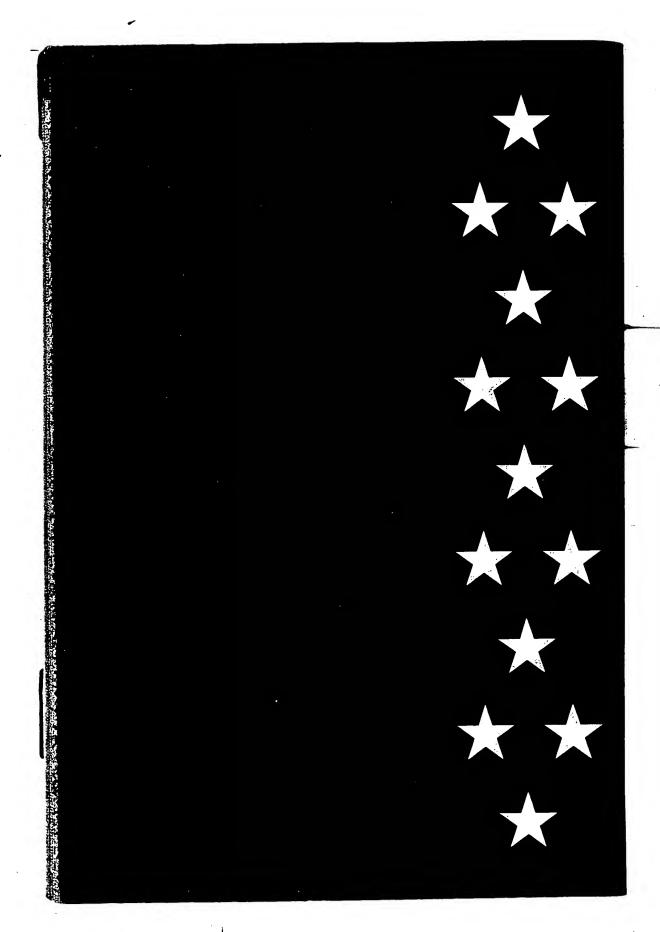




Statehood Year: 1863 The 35th state Coin Issue Year: 2005







## United States Quarter Release Dates (Estimated)

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2007	
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2008	
January Oklahoma March New Mexico May Arizona July Alaska October Hawaii	

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state quarters will be
issued each year in the
order the states became
part of the United
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